comply with such requisition the authorised Officer may enter any house or premises and execute the required work and the expenses thereof shall be recovered form the consumer or the owner in the same manner as other charges are recoverable under the rules.

53. *Hose Pipe connection prohibited.*—Hose pipes shall not be used from any connections metered or unmetered except with the permission of the Department in writing and all water drawn through such pipe shall be separately charged for . Every such pipe shall have a gland cock at the delivery end.

59. All pipes, taps fittings, etc., forming part of private connections of a consumer up to and inclusive of the stop cock nearst the supply main, shall in the absence of any agreement to the contrary be the property of the owner of the said premises.

60. In the case however, of the communication pipe and the stop cock, the Department shall have the liberty to operate them for purposes of management and control. The meters or other appliances for Measuring or limiting the amount of water supplied which may be installed by the Department within or outside the premises, shall be the property of the Department.

61. Any public sub-main or distribution pipe line laid by a private donor as a contribution work shall be duly handed over to the Department for operatioms and maintenance. The owner shall not have control over such lines.

62. *Applicability of Rules to Public Institutions.*—The foregoing Bye-Laws and Rules apply *mutatis mutandis* to all public institutions such as schools, colleges, hostels, hospitals, public offices, etc., the supply allowed in each case free of ch rge being determined by the department and any excess used over and above the free supply as measured by the meteres being paid for by the Institutions concerned at the rates prescribed.

63. *Liability of the Department for non-supply.*—Whether for domestic or for non-domestic purposes, the Department or the Municipal Council is not liable in the absence of a contract to the contrary to any penalty or damages for non-supplying water, if such non-supply arises from accidents to pipe lines, bursts, shut-down of power and unusual drought or other unavoidable causes beyond its control.

M. GOVINDARAJU PILLAY,
President.

Notification No. A1 P2 48/62-63, dated 19th November 1962.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Municipality of Arsikere that the Municipal Council at its meeting held on 30-7-1961 has resolved to adopt the following Rules for the supply of water in the Town.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the said Rules may within one month from the date of publication of this Notification in the *Mysore Gazette* send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council. The draft rules with objections received, if any, will be taken into consideration by the Council on or after 18th January 1963.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 48 (1) (L) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951 (Mysore Act No. XXII of 1951) and in conformity with the Government Notification No. *L.* 1854-Ml. 109-53-2, dated Bangalore, 11th May 1953 issuing Model Rules for water supply and use of water in the Town Municipalities. The Town Municipal Council, Arsikere have framed the following rules for regulating all matters and things connected with the supply and use of water in Arsikere Town Municipality.

RULES.

1. These Rules shall be called the Rules for the supply of Water in Arsikere Town Municipality.

2. The owner or consumer shall deposit with th eauthorised Officer, the cost of the attachement from the public main at the following rates.—

$\frac{1}{2}$" attachment or less	.	Rs. 2-00 for each
$\frac{3}{4}$" do	..	Rs. 3-00 for each.

with a uniform addition of Re. 1 for every increase in the size up to a maximum of 1".

3. Every application for a non-domestic water connection shall be accompanied by a deposit of not less than Rs. 10 the actual amount being determined by the Department in each case, in addition to the usual cost of attachement road boxes, etc., to serve as an advance. This deposit shall be refunded to the depositor on demand after settling his accounts. Such deposit should be taken in the case of existing non-domestic connections also.

4. For every meter installed by the Municipality or Government to premises and kept in working condition, the following rates of meter rent shall be levied per month in addition to whatsoever charge may be due for the water consumed, provided that for the period when the meter is out of order, no such rent shall be charged.

$\frac{1}{2}$" and $\frac{3}{4}$" meter	..	Re. 0-4-0 per month.

(*a*) Until the meter arrangments are made, the following rates of water charges shall be charged:

1. $\frac{1}{2}$" water tap connection up to two taps for each house bearing only one Municipal number and this is not applicable for the house bearing double Municipal numbers.	Rs. 2 per month and extra of As. 8 for each tap.
2. $\frac{3}{4}$" water tap connection up to two taps for each house bearing only one Municipal number and this is not applicable for houses bearing double Municipal numbers.	Rs. 3 per month and of As. 12 for extra each tap.

5. *Testnig meters.*—Any person disputing the accuracy, of the meter may apply to the authorised Officer who shall on payment of a fee of rupee one per test, direct the testing of the meter. If on actual test, the quantity registered by the meter is in excess of the correct quantity by more than 5 per cent, the testing fee shall be refunded, and a proportionate rebate shall be allowed for the month, shall be allowed for refund and a proportionate rebate shall be allowed for the month in question and the modified bill paid for as per rules. No rebate shall be allowed if the excess is five per cent and below and the testing fee shall not also be refunded.

6. *Excess water charges.*—Any consumer who uses water in any month in excess of the free allowance, shall pay for such excess at the rate of rupee one for every 300 gallons so consumed. Fractions of 300 gallons shall not be charged for, if it be 150 gallons or less but the excess over 150 gallons, if any, shall be charged for as if it were 300 gallons.

7. *Non-domestic purposes.*—Non-domestic purpose concerns shall not be entitled to free allowance of water. All the water supplied to such premises shall be charged for as per the following Schedule.—

1. $\frac{1}{2}$" tap connection Rs. 10 per month per tap and Rs. 1-50 for each extra tap.
2. $\frac{3}{4}$" tap connection Rs. 15 per month for Hotels, etc., and Rs. 2 for each extra tap.
3. $\frac{1}{2}$" tap connection Rs. 5 per month for Bakeries, Sweetmeat shops and Areated Water factories.

The same rate shall apply to Government Industrial and commercial concerns also (Water charges are exempted for the Municipal employees quarters).

8. *Payment of water charges.*—The excess water charges, meter rent and other charges due under these rules shall be paid within 15 days from the date of the Bill at the Office of the authorised Officer, on bills which shall be sent to the party within five days from the date of meter reading.

If the bills are not received within five days from the date of meter-reading the party may obtain duplicate bills from the supply office to enable him to make payment within the due date.

Non-Receipt of the Bills shall not be accepted as an excuse for delay in payment. Payment should invariably be made in cash, money orders or postal orders, but cheques for amount not less than rupee one drawn on local bank such as the Bank of Mysore etc., (available in the Town) shall be accepted in payment of the dues.

9. *Disconnection and re-connection of service.*—On failure of payment within the due date, the Department reserves the right to cut off water supply to the premises and connection will be restored only on receipt of the amount along with a penalty of rupee one in such cases.

This penalty will not be charged if disconnection is made at the request of the consumer, subject to the condition that all the dues up to the date of disconnection are paid up on or before the due date.

Disconnection may not generally be made when the arrears due from any installation is less than rupee one, provided such arrears are paid up before the next quarterly bill is preferred.

As mistakes are likely to occur in crediting the receipt to the proper ledger account and giving room for disconnection of service in such cases, notwithstanding such payments being made by the concerned parties, the consumers are advised to produce receip s for payments or alternatively, postal money order receipts or counterfoils of cheques when asked for by the Officials of the Department, who have been directed to effect disconnection of service, in cases of default payment. No disconnection shall be made without first asking for the voucher in support of the payment made.

Cheques drawn on the local banks, such as Bank of Mysore and locally available banks shall be accepted but no cheques shall be accepted or sums less than Re. 1 which shall be paid only in cash.

Payments claimed by the Departments even in some cases of dispute shall be made within the specified time, subject to the grant of a refund on or after final decision by the Department.

10. *Payment by Consumer or Owner.*—All money due for water consumed, meter rent or other charges under these rules shall be payable by the consumer or on his default by the owner.

11. *Intimation of Change of Ownership or Tenency.*—all changes of ownership or tenancy of a premises should be intimated forthwith to the authorised Officer in writing failing which the new consumer or owner shall be liable to be proceeded against recovery of all arrears connected with the supply of water, provided however, that for any such sum recovered from the new tenant, he shall be entitled to credit in account with the owner of the premises.

12. Claims for water charges, etc., shall not become time barred merely by any delay on the part of the Department, provided that the bills for the claims can be shown to have been sent by the authorised Officer at least once immediately after the charges become due. Arrears of charges due, if found irrecoverable by the Department will be recovered in the same manner as any other municipal dues under the Mysore Town Municipalties Act, 1951.

13. The President, shall when requested by the consumer in writing, furnish a memorandum showing the consumption and probable charges on account of water consumed, meter rent and other items, for any period subsequent to the preparation of the last bill in the Office.

14. In cases of neglect or unwarranted delay to report wastage under the above rules, the President or the authorised Officer may cut off the water connection without notice and follow it up with an Official notice to the consumer or the owner.

15. The connection shall not be restored until the defects of leakage, etc., are satisfactorily restored. A bill of cost for such immediate repairs executed by the Departmental agency will be sent to the party who has to pay the same.

(*a*) In cases where wastage of water is due to leaky pipes, the party may be charged at a concessional rate of eight anna per 300 gallons for such loss the quantity being calculated as the difference between the actual consumption and the average consumption of the previous six months or the free allowance, the premises are entitled to, whichever is greater.

16. *Power to cut of the connection.*—The President or authorised Officer shall have power to cut off the connection between the supply and communication pipes in any one of the following cases, provided that a reasonable written notice showing the specified cause or causes is given in advance such notice being pasted on the house or premises in case the consumer is not accessible:

(*a*) In default of payment of excess water charges, meter rents or any other charges due under these rules which have been duly demanded previously through bills issued from the Office of the authorised Officer.

(*b*) If any consumer violates any of the conditions on which connection has been granted to the premises in question resulting has been granted to the premises in question resulting in the misuse of such water.

(*c*) In case of leakage through pipes or other fittings or any defective or insanitary condition of the same.

(*d*) In case of allowing wastage of water even after the issue of a warning in advance.

(*e*) In the case of broken pipes or fittings causing or likely to cause heavy loss of water or damage to property.

(*f*) In the case of refusal to allow the President or the authorised Officer to enter into any land or building for the purpose of inspecting or repairing or attending to any works connected with the water supply given to the premises.

(*g*) In case of any person wilfully or unauthorisedly permitting any other person to take a connection from his supply.

(*h*) In the case of contamination of water from storage cistern.

(*i*) In case the occupier of the premises does not give proper protection to meter readers from any injury being caused by animals such as dogs, etc.

17. In the case of Government buildings used for residential purposes, the excess water charges shall be recovered as under the rules applicable to the general rate-payers, from the occupier direct as a liability against him. In the case of his default, the Head of the Department concerned, under whose charge the building is left shall recover the arrears.

18. *Mosques, Churches, Temples and other religious institutions.*—In the case of Mosques, Churches, Temples and other religious institutions recognised as such by the Municipal Council and used by public water shall be supplied free of cost.

Note.—1. Only one tap will be allowed for each institution. If more than one tap is required, the institution must pay for the extra tap or extra water consumed at the rates charges under the rules.

2. The trustees of institusions concerned should see that the repairs needed to the pipe line and taps are attended to promptly and the water is not misused or wasted other than the purpose exempted.
3. The staff of the water supply department shall inspect these institutions frequently and the defect, if any, pointed out by them should be attended to speedily by the trustees of the institutions concerned.
4. Failure to attend to the defects pointed out will entail cutting off the water supply connection without further notice.
5. The President shall obtain the approval of Government to a consolidated list of religious institutions as are now existing and which shall be governed by these rules and new ones added to the list with the approval of Government as and when they came into existence.
6. The above concession shall not, however apply to the residential and other building attached to the institutions concerned, which will be governed by the General rules applicable to private buildings.

(b) *Charitable Institutions.*—(1) *Chattrams.*—The free allowance admissible in each case will be fixed by the Government on the recommendation of the Municipal Council and the excess consumption charged for at a concessional rate of annas eight per thousand gallons. A consolidated list of existing Chattrams in the Town will be submitted to Government by the President.

2. *Hospitals.*—The free allowances for each hospital shall be fixed on the merits of each case on the, recommendation of Municipal Council and excess consumption charged for at a concessional rate of annas eight per thousand gallons.

Note.—Government, however, reserve the right to enhance or reduce the free allowance in the case of these institutions according to the circumstances of each case.

(c) *Burial and cremation grounds.*—The water supplied to burial and cremation grounds will be entirely free of cost.

19. The free allowance of water in the case of jails shall be as follows:

1. *Convicts.*—Six and quarter gallons per head per day.
2. Resident members on the jail establishment who have no separate water connection in their residential quarters 8 gallons per head per day.

20. *Jails.*—The water supply department shall ascertain the strength of convicts and resident members of the jail establishment from time to time, usually once a quarter and fix the free allowance accordingly.

21. *Hostels.*—The free allowance of water in the case of hostels shall be 6 gallons per boarder per day and excess consumption charged for at a concessional rate of annas eight per 500 gallons in the case of hostels having paying boarders. The department shall get the statistics every quarters before the 10th of the month following the quarters with the certificates of the District Educational Officer.

22. *Supply to Government Institutions.*—In the cast of Government public buildings and institutions in which Government officers are held and which are not run on commerci or business or trade lines, the entire water consumed shall be charged for at eight annas per 500 gallons without any free allowance, as the buildings are used solely for public purposes.

23. But when Government Institutions are in default or when the claims are disputed by them, the water supply shall not be cut off immediately but two months time shall be given to refer the matter to the departmental head and obtain orders for recovery.

Should they continue to default even thereafter, the matter may be referred to the Secretary to Government, Public Works Department and arrangements made for recovery through the Accountant-General.

24. *Water supply out of Municipal limits.*—In cases in which water supply is made to houses, premises, industrial concerns, etc., outside to Municipal limits of the Town. these rules shall apply *Mutatis Mutandis*, except where such water supply is controlled by a seperate agreement with the Municipal Council.

No houses, premises, industrial concerns, etc., outside Municipal limits, shall be eligible for any free allowance. All water supplied limits shall be eligible for any free allowance. All water supplied shall be charged for at a rate of Re. 1 (one rupee) per 500 gallons, except where otherwise provided for under a separate agreement with the Municipal Council.

All arears of water charges, meter rent and other charges due to the Department or Council shall be recoverable from the consumer as arrears of land Revenue.

M. GOVINDARAJULU PILLAY,

2048 *President.*

OFFICE OF THE TAHSILDAR AND ELECTION AUTHORITY, SAGAR.

Notification dated 16th December 1963.

No. V.P. Ele. 6/63-4. In exercise of the powers conferred on me under sub-rule (2) of Rule 6 of the Mysore Village Panchayats and Taluk Boards Election Rules, 1959, I, Shri K. V. Ranganathan, B.Sc., Tahsildar, Sagar, Shimoga, District hereby appoint the 27th January 1964, as the date for conducting the election to fill up the casual vacancies of members in the following Panchayats Constituency caused due to the reasons stated against them.

Name of Hobli	Name of Panchayat	No. of Constituency	Names of Members disqualified.	Whether Reserved or General Seat	Reasons of Disqualification.
Avinahally	Maradavalli	Nadamalla	Halamma	Woman seat	Consequent on the absence for the six consecutive meetings of the Village Panchayats.
		Malaly	Jatta Naika	General seat	
			M. Narayanappa	General seat	
			Subbappa	Scheduled Caste seat	

The following shall be the Calendar of events.

1	Date of publication of Notice in Form No. 1	...	23—12—1963 Monday.
2	The last date for making Nominations	...	28—12—1963 Saturday.
3	The date of scrutiny of Nominations	...	2—1—1964 Thursday.
4	The last date for withdrawal of candidatures	...	6—1—1964 Monday.
5	Date of poll	...	27—1—1964 Monday.

K. V. RANGANATHAN, *Tahsildar.*